CLAIMS

Having thus described our invention, what we claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent is as follows:

- A method of making an electronic interconnection, said method comprising:
 for a signal line to be interconnected, using a plurality of bonding wires
 configured to provide a controlled impedance effect.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said plurality of bonding wires is configured such that a first bonding wire is located a predetermined distance above a second bonding wire.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein said plurality of bonding wires is configured such that a first bonding wire is located a predetermined distance alongside a second bonding wire.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein one of a first bonding wire and a second bonding wire of said plurality of bonding wires is grounded.

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5. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

providing a dielectric material such that a predetermined distance is maintained by said dielectric material separating a first bonding wire and a second bonding wire of said plurality of bonding wires.

- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein said dielectric material is periodically placed along a length of said plurality of bonding wires.
- 7. The method of claim 5, wherein said dielectric material is continuously placed along a length of said plurality of bonding wires.
- 8. The method of claim 5, wherein said dielectric material comprises an ultraviolet-cured epoxy.
- 9. The method of claim 3, wherein a third bonding wire is located a predetermined distance alongside said first bonding wire and said second bonding wire.
- 10. The method of claim 1, further comprising:co-dispensing bonding wires of said plurality of bonding.

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11. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

dispensing said bonding wires in said plurality of bonding wires so that said bonding wires are separated by predetermined distances;

co-dispensing a dielectric material with said bonding wires, said dielectric material thereby maintaining said predetermined distances of said bonding wires.

- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein said bonding wires comprise a plurality of round bonding wires.
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein said bonding wires comprise a plurality of ribbon bonding wires.
- 14. The method of claim 1, wherein said bonding wires comprise a combination of at least one round bonding wire and at least one ribbon wire.
- 15. The method of claim 1, wherein said plurality of bonding wires for said signal comprises a microstrip.
- 16. The method of claim 1, wherein said plurality of bonding wires for said signal comprises a coplanar waveguide.

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- 17. The method of claim 1, wherein said signal comprises a single-ended signal.
- 18. The method of claim 1, wherein said signal comprises a differential signal.
- 19. The method of claim 5, wherein said dielectric material includes particles having a high dielectric constant.
- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein said particles comprise at least one of glass and ceramic.
- 21. The method of claim 19, wherein a spacing of intervals of said particles permits an effect of one of a filter and an impedance transformer.
- 22. The method of claim 6, wherein a spacing of said dielectric material permits an effect of one of a filter and an impedance transformer.
- 23. A method of reducing high frequency parasitic effects in a chip transition, said method comprising:

for a signal in said transition, using a plurality of bonding wires configured to provide a controlled impedance effect.

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24. A method of fabricating an electronic component, said method comprising:

for a device in said electronic component, using a plurality of bonding

wires configured to provide a controlled impedance effect for a signal line

connecting to said device.

25. An electronic component comprising:

at least one signal line interconnected such that a plurality of bonding wires is configured to provide a controlled impedance effect for said signal line.

26. An electronic apparatus comprising:

at least one electronic component having at least one signal line interconnected in accordance with claim 25.

27. A method of providing a signal from a chip, said method comprising:

for a signal of said chip, providing a controlled impedance signal line comprising a plurality of bonding wires configured to be separated by a predetermined distance.

28. The method of claim 27, wherein said controlled impedance is designed to be near in value to at least one of an impedance of a circuit of said chip and an YOR920030378US1

impedance of a circuit to which said signal line is interconnecting said chip circuit.

- 29. The method of claim 28, wherein said predetermined distance is maintained by a dielectric material, said controlled impedance being determined by said predetermined distance and a dielectric constant of said dielectric material.
- 30. The method of claim 28, wherein said plurality of bonding wires are arranged in one of a microstrip configuration and a coplanar waveguide configuration.